

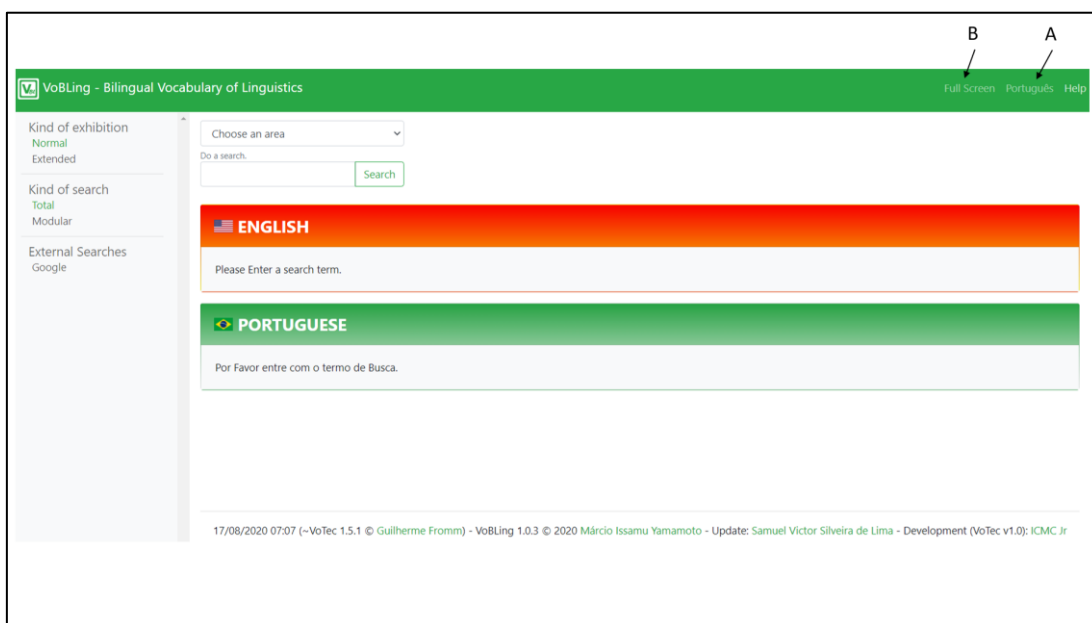
## Online Help - User's Guide

### SUMMARY

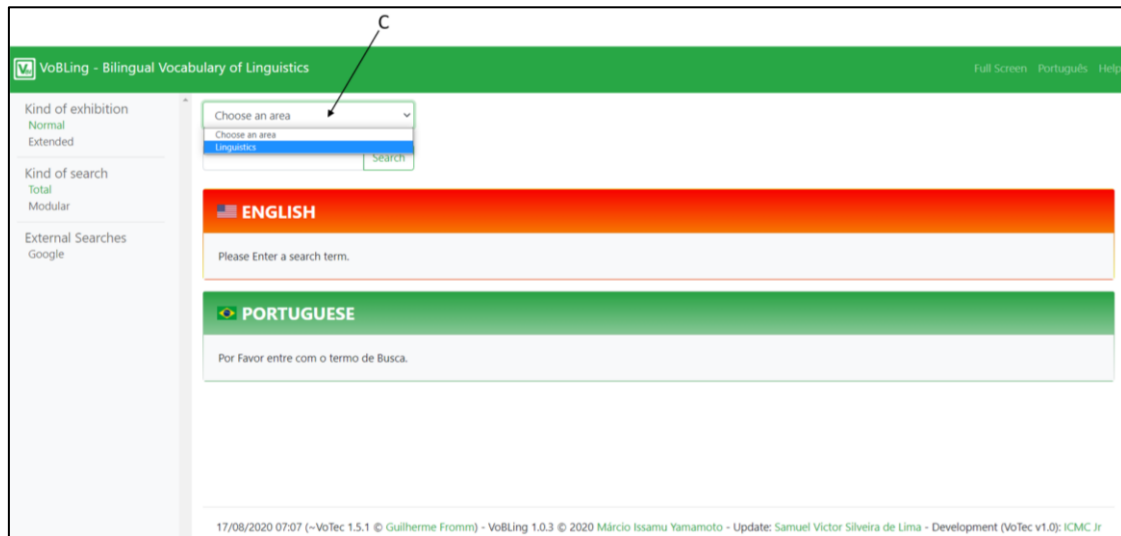
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### SITE PRESENTATION AND SEARCH WAY

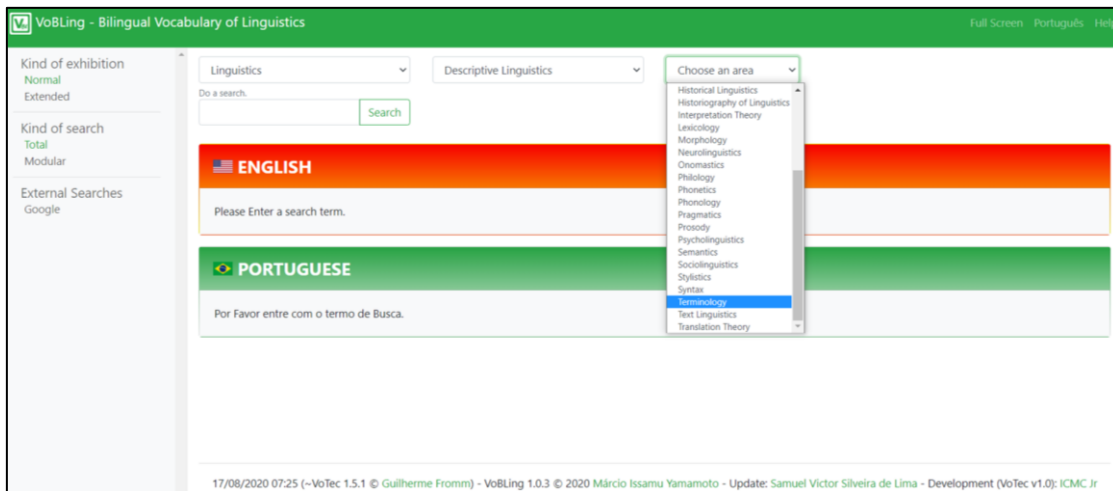
- Choose the language in which you want to view the page: Portuguese or English. Click on top right corner to change the language (A). At this top right corner, you can view the page in full screen (B).



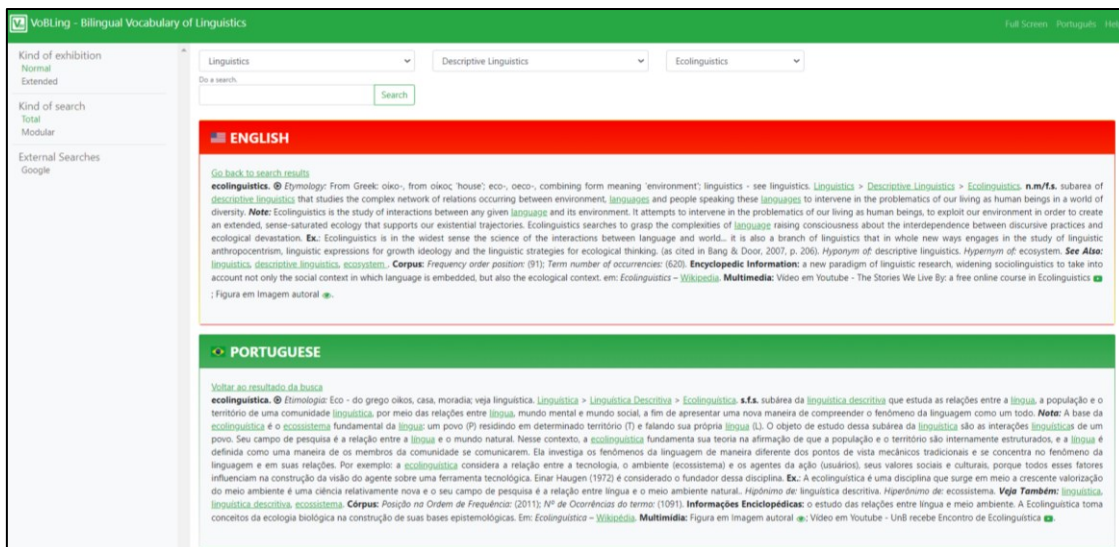
- To start your search, choose an area from the menu at the top left corner (C).



- When selecting an area, you can go down to three more levels within it (its internal subdivision):



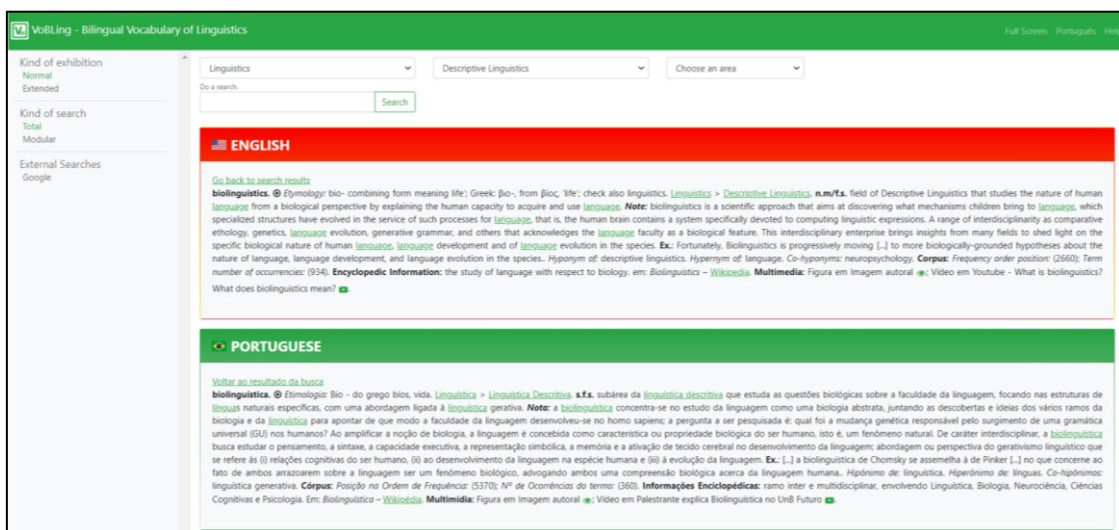
- On the left side of the screen you find the view menus: *kind of exhibition*, *kind of search* and *external search*. On the right side, the entry is shown in English and Portuguese.



## KIND OF EXHIBITION: NORMAL AND EXTENDED

5. The kinds of exhibition represent two different moments in the history of dictionaries:

- I. **Normal exhibition** - which shows the entry in the same way as paper dictionaries.



- II. **Extended exhibition:** the new dictionaries, in electronic way, offer this search way where each item of the entry description appears in different lines. Note, in this example, that not all the fields are fulfilled. This is because the information we obtained from the corpus was not enough to fulfill all the fields available.

a) *In English*

**ENGLISH**

[Go back to search results](#)  
**biolinguistics**

field of Descriptive Linguistics that studies the nature of human [language](#) from a biological perspective by explaining the human capacity to acquire and use [language](#).

**Note:** biolinguistics is a scientific approach that aims at discovering what mechanisms children bring to [language](#), which specialized structures have evolved in the service of such processes for [language](#), that is, the human brain contains a system specifically devoted to computing linguistic expressions. A range of interdisciplinarity, as comparative ethnology, genetics, [language](#), evolution, generative grammar, and others that acknowledges the [language](#) faculty as a biological feature. This interdisciplinary enterprise brings insights from many fields to shed light on the specific biological nature of human [language](#), [language](#) development and of [language](#) evolution in the species.

**Etymology:** bio- combining form meaning life; Greek, ju-, from juoc-, life; check also linguistics

**Part of Speech:** noun  
**Gender:** neutral  
**Number:** singular

**Corpus**

- Frequency order position: 2500
- Term number of occurrences: 934
- Phraseolegion number of occurrences: 0

**Ontology:** [Linguistics](#) > [Descriptive Linguistics](#)

**Morphosyntactic Variants:** *Nothing found*

**Synonyms:** *Nothing found*

**Antonyms:** *Nothing found*

**Hyponym of:** descriptive linguistics

**Co-hyponyms:** neuropsychology

**Hypernym of:** language

**Examples**

1. But the long-range task of biolinguistics is to pursue, interpret, and reconcile the findings of both US and neuropsychology.
2. As should be obvious, biolinguistics is a supremely interdisciplinary enterprise, requiring insights from many fields and collaboration among many researchers from vastly different backgrounds.
3. Outside of his technical linguistics work, Chomsky's main contribution to biolinguistics is his long championing a scientific approach to language as a biological phenomenon (Chomsky 2005).

**11 more**

**Encyclopedic Information**

- the study of language with respect to biology; em: [Biolinguistic](#) - [Wikipedia](#)

**Multimedia**

- Figura em imagem autoral
- Vídeo em Youtube - What is biolinguistic? What does biolinguistic mean?

**See Also**

[descriptive linguistics](#)

b) *In Portuguese*

**PORTUGUESE**

[Voltar ao resultado de busca](#)  
**biolinguística**

subárea de [Linguística descritiva](#) que estuda as questões biológicas sobre a faculdade da linguagem, focando nas estruturas de [língua](#) naturais específicas, com uma abordagem ligada à [linguística](#) gerativa.

**Note:** a [biolinguística](#) concentra-se no estudo da linguagem como uma biologia abstrata, juntando as descobertas e ideias dos vários ramos da biologia e da [linguística](#) para apontar de que modo a faculdade da linguagem desenvolveu-se no homo sapiens: a pergunta a ser respondida é: qual foi a mudança genética responsável pelo surgimento de uma gramática universal (GU) nos humanos? Ao ampliar a noção de biologia, a linguística é concebida como característica ou propriedade biológica do ser humano, isto é, um fenómeno natural. De caráter interdisciplinar, a [biolinguística](#) busca estudar o pensamento, a sintaxe, a capacidade enciclosiva, a representação simbólica, a memória e a atribuição de tecido cerebral no desenvolvimento da linguagem, abordagem ou perspectiva do gerativismo linguístico que se refere à: (i) relações cognitivas do ser humano, (ii) ao desenvolvimento da linguagem na espécie humana e (iii) à evolução da linguagem.

**Etimologia:** Bio - do grego bios, vida

**Categoria Gramatical:** substantivo

**Gênero:** feminino  
**Número:** singular

**Córpus**

- Posição na Ordem de Frequência: 5370
- Nº de Ocorrências do termo: 300
- Nº de Ocorrências do fraseolegion: 0

**Ontologia:** [Linguística](#) > [Linguística Descritiva](#)

**Variações Morfosintáticas:** *Nada encontrado*

**Sinónimos:** *Nada encontrado*

**Antónimos:** *Nada encontrado*

**Hipónimo de:** linguística

**Co-hipónimos:** linguística generativa

**Hiperónimo de:** línguas

**Exemplos**

1. L1 discutimos aqui como a visão Biolinguística se desenvolve a partir dos estudos Gerativistas, apontando o interesse destes estudos em explicar como a língua se desenvolveu no ser humano e quais as consequências que esse processo traz para o próprio funcionamento da linguagem humana
2. A Biolinguística é essencialmente interdisciplinar: é pensamento, sintaxe, capacidade executiva ao mesmo tempo. Entender tudo isso é, sem dúvida, um longo caminho, para o qual nunca estaremos prontos, se a inescapável redução porém sem demérito, de uma área em relação à outra, não for feita em prática.
3. O sintetáculo de uma proposta como a biolinguística está em argumentar em favor de que a competência linguística, a qual parece ser uma particularidade dos humanos, tenha surgido nessa espécie por uma razão particular, isto é, uma virada evolutiva pode ter proporcionado uma mudança genética responsável pelo surgimento de uma gramática universal (GU) nos humanos, sendo ela capaz de diferenciar muito significativamente a língua dos sistemas comunicativos dos animais (D. SCULLO; BODECK, 2011; BERNAICK; CHOMSKY, 2016).

**17 mais**

**Informações Enciclopédicas**

- ramo inter e multidisciplinar, envolvendo Linguística, Biologia, Neurociência, Ciências Cognitivas e Psicologia. Em: [Biolinguistic](#) - [Wikipedia](#)

**Multimídia**

- Figura em imagem autoral
- Vídeo em Dailymotion explica Biolinguística no UNB Futuro

**Veja Também**

[Linguística descritiva](#)

**INTERNAL SEARCHES: TOTAL AND MODULAR**

The kinds of searches were divided in two:

- I. **Total:** it shows all the available fields (see the example above).
- II. **Modular:** in this search, you choose the fields you want to see. See the following example. We selected, the extended kind of exhibition and checked out (when you click the mouse on the green fields on the left side, they turn gray) the fields gender, morphosyntactic variants,

corpus, examples, encyclopedic information and cross-reference.

VoBLing - Bilingual Vocabulary of Linguistics

Full Screen Portuguese Help

ENGLISH

[Go back to search results](#)

**dialectology** ⓘ

branch of Descriptive Linguistics that analyzes linguistic variations as influenced by geography, characterized by individual and multiple rates of informants, to illustrate the degree to which [language](#) ideologies are geographically situated.

**Etymology:** dialectology - the study of dialects; from dialect - French dialecte, from Latin dialectus, from Greek διάλεκτος, 'talk, discourse, conversation, speech; language, the language of a country, dialect'; and -logy, combining form denoting a 'speaking, discourse, treatise, doctrine, theory, science' — Greek -λογία (either directly or through the medium of Old French or French -logie)

**Part of Speech:** noun

**Number:** singular

**Ontology:** [Linguistics](#) > [Descriptive Linguistics](#)

**Synonyms:** Nothing found

**Antonyms:** Nothing found

**Hyponym of:** linguistics

**Co-hyponyms:** sociolinguistics; psycholinguistics; first language acquisition

**Hypernym of:** dialect maps

**Multimedia**

- [Video em Youtube - Exploring Dialectology Theory & Method](#) 📺
- [Figura em Imagem autoral](#) 🖼️

PORTUGUESE

*Click the screen on the left-hand side and create your structure according to your needs!*

## RESOURCES

### a) External Searches

In addition to the types of internal searches available in the vocabulary, you can also do external searches to Google website. By clicking on Google name, you will be directed to an automatic search for the term defined on the platform.

### b) Pronunciation

VoBLing provides the term pronunciation in Portuguese and North American English. Just click on the sound icon and listen to it.

The screenshot shows two panels. The top panel is for English, with a red header. It features a 'Pronunciation' button in yellow. Below it is a link 'Go back to search results' and a definition for 'dialectology'. The bottom panel is for Portuguese, with a green header. It features a link 'Voltar ao resultado da busca' and a definition for 'dialetologia'. A black arrow points from the 'Pronunciation' button in the English panel to the 'Voltar ao resultado da busca' link in the Portuguese panel.

### c) Pop-up with definitions

The **Close** button is located at the bottom right corner of the screen, and you can also click **Esc**, if you prefer.

The screenshot shows the VoBLing interface with a 'Contrast' pop-up window. The pop-up window has a title bar with 'Contrast' and a close button (X). It contains a table with the following information:

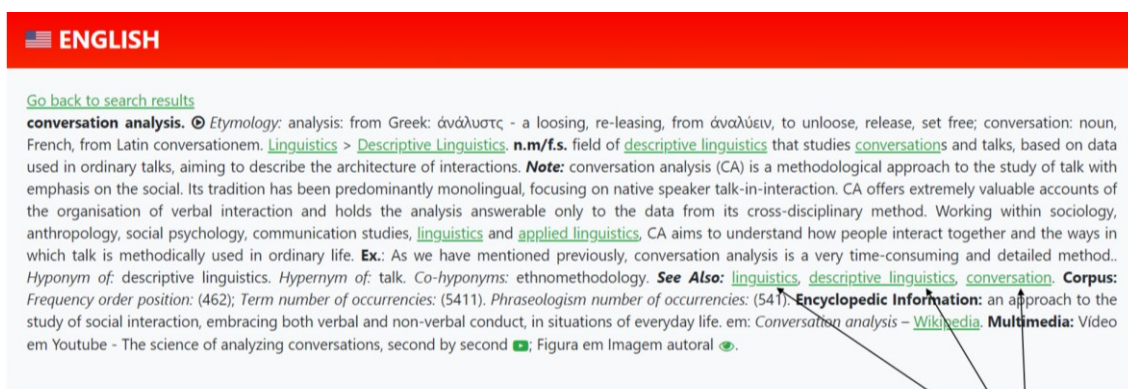
Term	language
<b>Definition</b>	a social system, fruit of human thought, used for the performance of social and cultural activities following a set of rules which directs the way words should be used
<b>Note</b>	language is (1) an intellectual process, result of the communication between organic development, learning and social advancement, used in the performance of social activities to build reality. (2) It is a social, ideological and cultural institution that has rules used in intrapersonal and extrapersonal contexts. (3) It is an artifact of human thought which serves as (i) a medium in linguistic communication; (ii) a medium in communication between more specialized language forms, between foreign languages and in everyday life communication. (3) Language is a set of items from dictionaries used in building sentences, described into grammar books

A 'Close' button is located at the bottom right corner of the pop-up window.

### d) See also



Click on **See Also** (D) and you will have access to the cross-references (hyperlink) to the entry defined in the window.




**ENGLISH**

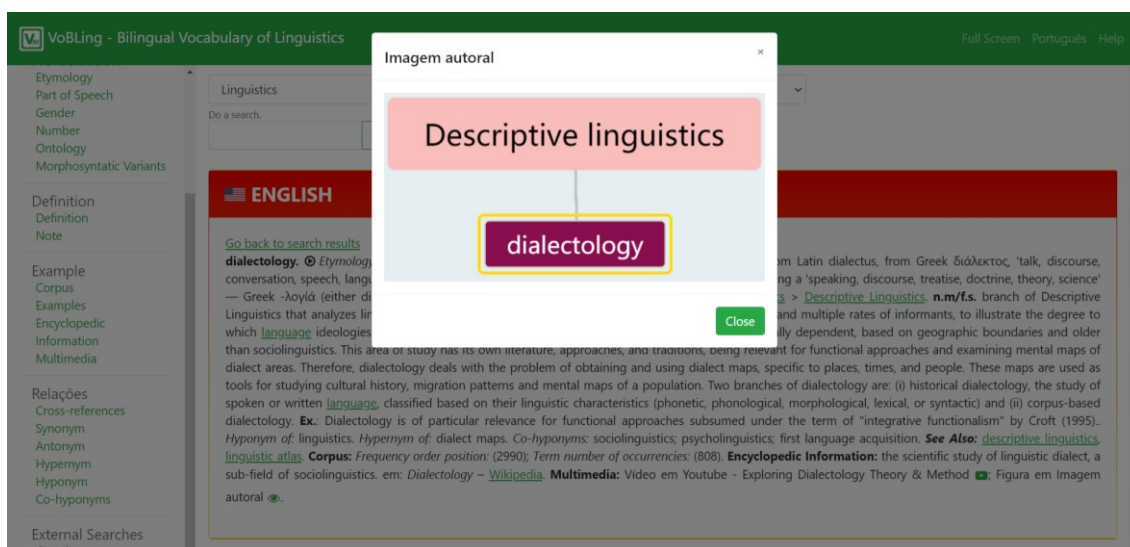
[Go back to search results](#)

**conversation analysis.** *Etymology:* analysis: from Greek: ἀνάλυσις - a loosing, re-leasing, from ἀναλύειν, to unloose, release, set free; conversation: noun, French, from Latin conversationem. [Linguistics](#) > [Descriptive Linguistics](#). **n.m/f.s.** field of [descriptive linguistics](#) that studies [conversations](#) and talks, based on data used in ordinary talks, aiming to describe the architecture of interactions. **Note:** conversation analysis (CA) is a methodological approach to the study of talk with emphasis on the social. Its tradition has been predominantly monolingual, focusing on native speaker talk-in-interaction. CA offers extremely valuable accounts of the organisation of verbal interaction and holds the analysis answerable only to the data from its cross-disciplinary method. Working within sociology, anthropology, social psychology, communication studies, [linguistics](#) and [applied linguistics](#), CA aims to understand how people interact together and the ways in which talk is methodically used in ordinary life. **Ex.:** As we have mentioned previously, conversation analysis is a very time-consuming and detailed method. *Hyponym of:* descriptive linguistics. *Hypernym of:* talk. *Co-hyponyms:* ethnomethodology. **See Also:** [linguistics](#), [descriptive linguistics](#), [conversation](#). **Corpus:** *Frequency order position:* (462); *Term number of occurrences:* (5411). *Phraseologism number of occurrences:* (541). **Encyclopedic Information:** an approach to the study of social interaction, embracing both verbal and non-verbal conduct, in situations of everyday life. em: [Conversation analysis - Wikipedia](#). **Multimedia:** Video em Youtube - The science of analyzing conversations, second by second ; Figura em Imagem autoral .

(D)

### e) Image

You will find the Image icon () at the bottom corner of the Definition field. Click on this icon and you can see an image of the term conceptual organization in the field of Linguistics.




VoBLing - Bilingual Vocabulary of Linguistics

**ENGLISH**

**dialectology.** *Etymology:* conversation, speech, language, discourse, treatise, doctrine, theory, science' — Greek -λογία (either di- 'two' or tri- 'three') + -λογία (either di- 'two' or tri- 'three') 'study of', 'science of', 'theory of', 'doctrine of', 'treatise of', 'discourse of', 'speaking, discourse, treatise, doctrine, theory, science' > [Descriptive Linguistics](#). **n.m/f.s.** branch of [Descriptive Linguistics](#) that analyzes linguistic phenomena and multiple rates of informants, to illustrate the degree to which [language](#) ideologies vary across different cultures and societies. This area of study has its own literature, approaches, and traditions, being relevant for functional approaches and examining mental maps of dialect areas. Therefore, dialectology deals with the problem of obtaining and using dialect maps, specific to places, times, and people. These maps are used as tools for studying cultural history, migration patterns and mental maps of a population. Two branches of dialectology are: (i) historical dialectology, the study of spoken or written [language](#), classified based on their linguistic characteristics (phonetic, phonological, morphological, lexical, or syntactic) and (ii) corpus-based dialectology. **Ex.** Dialectology is of particular relevance for functional approaches subsumed under the term of "integrative functionalism" by Croft (1995). *Hyponym of:* linguistics. *Hypernym of:* dialect maps. *Co-hyponyms:* sociolinguistics; psycholinguistics; first language acquisition. **See Also:** [descriptive linguistics](#), [linguistic atlas](#). **Corpus:** *Frequency order position:* (2990); *Term number of occurrences:* (808). **Encyclopedic Information:** the scientific study of linguistic dialect, a sub-field of sociolinguistics. em: [Dialectology - Wikipedia](#). **Multimedia:** Video em Youtube - Exploring Dialectology Theory & Method ; Figura em Imagem autoral .

### f) Video

Following the **Image** icon, you can find the **Video** icon at the bottom of the definition screen. Click on this icon () and a window will open. Then, a 5-15-minute video about the word will start.

VoBLing - Bilingual Vocabulary of Linguistics

Kind of exhibition  
Normal  
Extended

Kind of search  
Total  
Modular

External Searches  
Google

ENGLISH

[Go back to search results](#)

**ecolinguistics.** © Etymology: From Linguistics > Ecolinguistics. n.m/f. these languages to intervene in th and its environment. It attempts t that supports our existential traj practices and ecological devastati whole new ways engages in the st & Door, 2007, p. 206). *Hyponym number of occurrences: (620)*. **Enc** language is embedded, but also th

g "environment"; linguistics - see linguistics. [Linguistics > Descriptive](#) tions occurring between environment, [languages](#) and people speaking Ecolinguistics is the study of interactions between any given [language](#) environment in order to create an extended, sense-saturated ecology using consciousness about the interdependence between discursive between language and world... it is also a branch of linguistics that in ry and the linguistic strategies for ecological thinking. (as cited in Bang [Linguistics, ecosystem](#) . **Corpus:** *Frequency order position: (91); Term* colinguistics to take into account not only the social context in which [Imagem autoral](#) [Video em Youtube - The Stories We Live By](#) [Imagem autoral](#) [Video em Youtube - The Stories We Live By](#)

Youtube - The Stories We Live By

We live in a society based on stories

Close

## Enjoy VoBLing!

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*VoBLing (2020) help is based on VoTec (Fromm, 2007).*